A Queer Kind of Amusement That Brought Back His Old Complaint.

Fun for Kings, But Death to Subjects-Repub lican Movement in Portugal Watched by Germany-The African Dispute.

[Copyright, 1889, by the New York Associated Press.] Berlin, Dec. 21 .- The Emperor has been so ill as to be compelled to keep his bed since Thursday. He arose for the first time to-day and received official reports. His malady was a catarrh, with fever, and provoked a recurrence of the old trouble with his ear. There was also in his throat more than the usual trouble experienced in such cases. An injudicious note on the subject was printed in the National Zeitung. It is intended, of course, to reassure the public, but had an entirely contrary effect, and caused almost incessant inquiries to be made at the palace. The Emperor forbade the publication of bulletins, received in his bed-room the leading officials who called, and treated his illness in a jesting spirit. This trouble originated in a cold caught while the Emperor watched the effect of a midnight alarm at the garrison at Potsdam, one of his military amusements being to test the rapidity with which the various regiments can be turned out at unexpected moments. But that is not his Majesty's only military amusement. At the field manœuvres at Bornstedt, a regiment of cavalry was suddenly ordered to advance at full gallop. It ran helter-skelter down the badly lighted streets of Potsdam. Some of the horses were killed and several of the towspeople were ridden down and badly hurt. This caused much public irritation, and was one of the reasons why there was very little sympathy with the Emperor in his illness among his people in that part of the empire.

Emperor in his illness among his people in that part of the empire.

For many days now the attention of the Foreign Office has been centered upon the developments in Brazil and the threatened coup in Portugal. Long dispatches from Lisbon and Madrid have confirmed the intelligence recently given in this letter that Portugal is likely to follow the example set by Brazil. The government here shares the uneasiness felt in every chancellory in Europe. If Portuguese Republicans will, it is believed, be a signal for a rising in Spain, and this will be followed by agitation in Italy, and by a general unheaval of the social forces throughout Europe. The militant attitude of the Portuguese government toward England over the Zambesi dispute is recognized here as a necessity to strengthen the position of the King of Portugal at home, where any accidental failure of strength at this moment would be made much of in the interest of the Radical party. Prince Blsmarck, according to a report affoat in ministerial circles, has written directly to the Marquis of Sahabury, expressing the hope that nothing will be done to humilitate the Portuguese Ministry, in view of the imperial catastrophe in Brazil, and the position of the monarchy in Portugal, face to face with similar forces to those that cast down Dom Pedro.

An article in the National Zeitung, appealing to the forbearance of the English government, says that Serpa Pinto, like other agents of Portugal, may go beyond his instructions, but a statesman, looking beyond the special case, will see that other interests than those relating to the possession of African territory should have immediate consideration. The youth of the prince, who has just ascended the Portuguese throne, his relationship to Queen Victoria, and the conservative tendency of the Marquis of Salisbury's policy should altogether assure such a calm adjustment of the dispute as will not add to the difficulties in the way of King Carlos. The Zeitung's article indenses the prince with Serpa Pinto goes a certain way For many days now the attention of the Foreign Office has been centered upon the

some anxiety.
The miners' strike remains unsettled. Several pits in the Saar district special to the Indianapolis Journal The directors sent out placards to-day proclaiming that all men who have not returned to their work by Monday will be treated as having rejected the terms offered them. Anarchists from Belgium have been inciting the men to refuse the terms. Some arrests of these men have been made, but this has failed to overcome the agitation. Many police agents from here have been sent through all the districts where the trouble is to watch the operations of the Anarchists' propaganda. Although the strikes are not directly traceable to the operations of directly traceable to the operations of the Socialists, the government is possessed of information that they are fomented through a Socialistic committee. The recent strike at Luckenwalde was directly due to the Berlin committee. Agitation thus active and demonstrated will be the basis of Prince Bismarck's argument in his forthcoming appeal to the Reichstag to pass the Socialistic bill entirely as it stands and without enfeebling qualifications. Government expects to make pressure enough upon the National Liberals to force the withdrawal of their opposition.

The renewal of the agreement or coalition programme known as the Cartel has not prevented some lively disputes between deputies of the allied groups. The more liberal end of the combination is accused of making itself subservient to the royal will, and the Emperor is imagined as the author of the programme, the wits saying

author of the programme, the wits saying that he originated it by saying, in the style of Louis XIV, "Cartel est mon plaisir."

The Socialist trial at Elberfeld is likely to result in the enforced absence from

to result in the enforced absence from the electoral struggle of a number of the most active of the Socialist leaders. The public prosecutor demands that Bebel be sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment, Grillenberger and Harm to one year, and Schumacher to six months. The Socialist Delegates, in a reunion at Risdorf, a suburb of this city, decided to join the international demonstration on the 1st of May in favor of eight hours for a day's labor.

Count Von Moltke was ill three days with the fashionable epidemic. He recovered and was out on Tuesday, but he had a relapse and was taken down with bronchitis. The doctors now prohibit his leaving his bedroem.

Von Astrow. Under Secretary of State for the Interior, died suddenly to-day. The National Zeitung pays a warm tribute to his many admirable qualities.

Locometive-Works Removed to Chicago. Chicago, Dec. 21.—A tract of 651 acres of land six miles west of the City Hall was purchased to-day by R. Suydam Grant, of New York. The purpose is to remove the Grant locomotive-works from Paterson, N. J., to this site. A part of the land will be platted and sold in lots. The Grant works here will be the first locomotive plant established west of Pittsburg. Two companies each with a capital of \$1,000,000, have been organized to handle the purchase—one company taking care of the land, and the other the manufactory. E. T. Jeffery, late general manager of the Illinois Central railroad, will have supervision of both companies. The stock of each company is already paid in. About

1,200 and 1,500 men are to be employed in the shops. The old plant at Paterson will be abandoned. According to Mr. Jeffery the works there were cramped and the place inconveniently located.

CULVER'S LIFE THREATENED.

Abusive Letters Sent to the Obstinate Cronin Juror-His Statement to the Press.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21 .- Juror John Culver, the man who held out against the infliction of the death penalty in the Cronin trial, has sent to the Daily News a long statement in answer to published strictures on his conduct. He says, in part: "When I was sworn to try the case in which I was impaneled, according to law and the evidence, I had no idea that I should be required to satisfy the popular clamor, and I now think that jury trials have become the veriest farce, if it is true that one must suit his verdict to the demands of newspapers or public opinion (if, indeed, the newspapers express, instead of manufacturing, public opinion or be denounced and maligned, and his action attributed to the most detestable of all corruption-bribery-his religion derided and even his wife and family dragged in to enhance the sensation. Among the natural fruits of the treatment on the part of the newspapers alluded to, I class the numerous published interviews of persons now sworn to try the case, and the conduct of Judge Lougenecker in stepping out of the sphere of his duties as prosecuting officer and assuming that of censor of jurors, when for sooth their verdict happens not to be in accordance with his desires, and the many obscene and threatening letters which myself and

wife have received.
"That there was a foul conspiracy to murder Dr. Cronin, and that he was foully murdered, was the unbesitating verdict of every juror, but it is true that there are counter secret societies, as some of these letters indicate, plotting death to jurors that do not find their verdict according to the desires of the members of these so-cieties. To what a pass have we come, and in what a perilous position stand our courts of justice. If I am to be the next victim of these fends I shall have nothing to regret, except that the law made it my duty to be a juror in this important case, and that the state of public feeling is such as to make it possible that such an outrage can be committed upon one who has endeav-

The News also publishes a number of abusive, obscene and threatening letters which Mr. Culver has received since the verdict was rendered.

MAY LEAVE NEW YORK.

Cleveland Threatens to Quit Gotham Rather Than Contribute Too Much to Charity.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- A solicitor for aid in behalf of the Woman's Hospital of this city called upon ex-President Cleveland today and informed him that the use of his name as one of the contributors to the support of the hospital would be an excellent help to the institution, no matter how small might be the amount of his donation, as his name would encourage others to subscribe. Mr. Cleveland said that all other applicants used the same argument. He said he would like to assist all worthy institutions, but his finances would not allow him to do so, but he would consult Mrs. Cleveland about this particular request. Then he added significantly: "The truth of the matter is that the demands which are constantly made upon me for aid are so numerous and come from so many different quarters that I have about made different quarters that I have about made up my mind to leave New York in order to get away from these requests.'

A REMARKABLE HORSE-THIEF

After Serving Ten Years in Prison He Repays Money Spent in His Conviction.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Dec. 21-Three years ago a team of fine horses was stolen from Lee Rust, a farmer of this county, and soon thereafter Perry Burke, a noted criminal, was arrested in Inniana and convicted of the theft and sent to Joliet for ten years. In his capture Mr. Rust expended \$300. When Burke was sentenced he said: "Mr. Rust, if I ever have money enough I will pay you back all you have spent in my arrest." Rust thought but little of it until to-day, when he received a neatly-written letter from Burk inclosing a draft for \$100, promising to pay the other \$200 in the course of time. The letter closed with "a merry Christmas" for Mr. Rust, the sheriff and the official who captured Burke and secured his sentence.

IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.

Conviction at Bedford, Ind., of Isa Cobb for the Murder of Alex. Waggoner.

BEDFORD, Ind., Dec. 21 .- The trial of Isa Cobb for the murder of Alex. Waggoner was concluded at a late hour by a verdiet from the jury, sending Cobb to the State prison for life. The jury was out about six hours, and for a time stood seven for a death sentence, but

compromise was finally made on a life term. Cobb and Waggoner had been bitter enemies for sevyears when they met in a sa loon together. Waggoner struck Cobb with a weight. This so infuriated Cobb that he got a gun and returning killed Waggoner instantly. A motion for a new trial will be argued Monday. Cobb is of a good family, and is greatly cast down by the result.

Twins at Forty Miles an Hour. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Marton, Ind., Dec. 21 .- As the Cincinnati Wabash & Michigan passenger train, northbound, pulled out of Anderson this morning Mrs. George Carter, who resides at Jonesboro, was taken ill. Conductor Ed Myers comprehended the situation and found a physician aboard. Ten minutes later the lady had been delivered of a fine boy. The excitement attendant upou such an occasion had quieted down somewhat when Mrs. Carter's symptoms indicated that the trouble was not over. The doctor was again summoned and this time the lady contributed a girl. Some enthusi-astic passenger proposed a collection and a good sum was raised for the twins. Mother and children debarked at their home at Jonesboro in good condition.

Defended Herself with a Pistol.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 21.—Yesterday Mrs. Margaret Taylor, living near Cottage Grove, Lane county, shot and killed Marion P. Martin, aged seventy years, and an old pioneer. The woman claims Martin came to her house during the absence of her husband and attempted to assault her. She procured a pistol and repeatedly warned Martin to leave. He refused to do so and violently seized hold of her. She then fired two shots at Martin's head, producing instant death. Mrs. Taylor then gave herself up to the authorities. After a thorough examination the coroner's jury exonerated the woman from all blame.

Clew to the Fate of a Missing Oarsman. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- A week ago, Friday last, Dave Dillon, a battery boatman, who was at one time the champion oarsman of Australia, disappeared in his boat down the bay. The line with which his boat had been fastened to a bark parted, and it is supposed he was blown out to sea. This morning the fishing schooner Commodore arrived here, having on board the after half of Dillon's boat. It was evidently cut into by a steamer's bow. It is supposed that Dillon was run down in the dark, and little hope is entertained of his escape.

NIHILISTS AND ANARCHISTS

Why They Object to the Ratification of the Extradition Treaty with Russia.

Origin and Spread of Their Doctrine in the Czar's Dominions-Not Revolutionists, But Simply Revengeful Murderers.

Staff Correspondence of the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 .- Extradition treaties promise to be an important feature of the executive sessions of the Senate this winter. President Harrison came out strong in his message to Congress, the other day, in favor of the ratification of the treaties which have been pending before the upper branch of our national Legislature for many months. He called especial attention to the necessity of ratifying the treaty with Great Britain. The ratification of this treaty was defeated, it will be remembered, by Senator Riddleberger, of Virginia. He claimed that the establishment of an extradition treaty between the United States and Great Britain would be a death blow to the efforts of Ireland to secure home rule, since those who violated the laws of Great Britain in their efforts to establish home rule for the Irish, and were compelled to flee to this country as a refuge, would be taken back to Great Britain under treaty stipulations and unduly punished, without proper opportunities for defense. Some of the arguments used against the

British treaty are being laid against the extradition treaty with Russia. The Nihilists and Anarchists of Russia and this country have waged a persistent warfare against the ratification of the Russian treaty. Your correspondent about two years ago received a letter in opposition to the ratification of the Russian treaty from Sergius M. Stepniack, the arch Nihilist of the Russian empire, now exiled in London. This letter was published throughout the country, and attracted a great deal of attention, since it upheld the violent methods used by the Anarchists in Russia, who have for a score of years plotted against the life of the Czar and his family. Stepniack and his colleagues will oppose the treaty when it comes up again before the

The principal objection of the Nihilists to the treaty lies in a clause in Article III, where it states that murder or manslaughter, comprising the negligent or willful killing of the sovereign or chief magistrate of the state or any of his family, shall not be considered an offense of a political character. Under this clause the Nihilists or Anarchists claim that the Russian government may induce the United States authorities to approach the property of the states and the states are the states and the states are the states and the states are the s ities to surrender persons who have been engaged in revolutionary projects in Russia, and the Russian government desires by such treaty with the United States that the latter shall declare revolutionary move-ments in Russia as having no political leaning, and that the assassination of the Emperor or any member of his family shall be declared by the United States as simply plotting to commit murder; that these concessions the Russian government has been denied by England. These are, in reality, the only objections the Nihilists or Anarchists make to this treaty.

Your correspondent to-day asked Colonel De Arnaud, a native of Russia and an accomplished diplomate to available the real

complished diplomate, to explain the real meaning of that clause. Colonel De Arnaud said: "Russia asks from the United States government by that treaty no other concessions than are accorded by the United cessions than are accorded by the United States to other favored nations. The clause in regard to the killing of the Emperor or any of his family has been wisely inserted by the framers of that treaty for the following reasons: Any one who is acquainted with that country and its political conditions will agree with me that there are no revolutionary movements in Russia, and never were, and that the Nihilists did not lead as an organized body. The Nihilists are simply creatures composed of deluded students, disappointed office-seekers, lawvers without practice, traders without business, ruined gamblers and a whole swarm of characterless, contemptible idlers swarm of characterless, contemptible idlers who infest all large cities of the world. And the Russian government, as well as all loyal citizens of Russia, know well the shallowness of those Nihilists, their utter incapacity for rational freedom, the utter periody of their intentions, and the selfish villainy of their objects. I will furthermore say that every man of sense who has visited or studevery man of sense who has visited or stud-ied from an impartial point of view the civilization and rapid progress of Russia under the present Roman dynasty will ac-knowledge with me that those Nihilists, and Solons, and Katos of revolutions in

Russia have not as their object freedom for the people, and that their only idea of lib-erty is liberty of pillage; and as liberty proves with them, revolutions are the ex-pediency for rapine and a license for plun-"Since the emancipation of the serfdom in Russia some of the nobility bear grudge against the Emperor and his family for having abolished slavery in the empire. In 1860, when the late lamented Alexander II resolved to abolish slavery in Russia, a deputation of nobles called upon him and said: 'If you abolish slavery in Russia. those small slave-owners who are dependent for a living upon their slaves will surely assassinate you.' To this the great Alexander replied: 'If that is the case I am willing to die for such a noble cause,' and he signed the emancipation proclamation which liberated 26,000,000 white slaves in Russia. True to the words of those men, the late lamented Alexander II paid with his life for this act. Since the time of emancipation of serfdom in Russia the small land-owners in Russia who lost

their slaves through that edict swore venge-

ance against the Empire and the imperial family of Russia. The assassination and attempts of assassination of the Emperor and his family dates from that period.

"It is folly to say that the attempts of the assassination of the Emperor and his family emanates from patriotic motives in Russia or because the Emperor refuses a constitutional government. I have written a great deal upon the subject of consti-tutional government in Russia, and it is absurd to say that the Russian people, com-posed of 110,000,000 souls, demand a Constitutional from of government. The Russians know well that their rights, liberty and safety for their property rests in a strong government, as constituted at present. It is wisely inserted in the treat between Russia and the United States that the assassination of the Emperor, or chief magistrate, or any of the imperial family shall not be considered a political offense. In Russia there are gangs of roving nomads, ready and willing to hire themselves out for the purpose of robbing or assassination.

Any of those discontented land-owners who ost their slaves could, at any time, hire those men to assassinate the Czar or any of his family, take refuge in this country and proclaim himself a Nihilist or an Anarchist

and be exempt from any further punish-

"I have just received a letter from Russia," continued Colonel De Arnaud, "where an incident happened which, I think, will be of interest to quote here: 'In a small town in Russia some mazurs or nomads. similar to those of the Venetian bravos, were hired to assassinate and rob a paymaster, who had a large amount of money for the purpose of paying the army. While riding in his carriage for the purpose of paying several regiments he was attacked by those mazurs, he and his driver killed in a most brutal manner, and robbed of several hundred thousand dollars. This event produced such a stir in Russia that the police and detective force used their utmost endeavors to find out the real perpetrators of the act. They caught one of the murderers, who was in the act of crossing the Russian frontier into Germany, and on his person was found a large portion of the money and a letter addressed to a well-known Nihilist in London, who was to see him safe to America, where he was to find a refuge of safety, as the American government does not extradite Nihilists to Russia. It is well known in Russia amongst the evil-doers that when they reach the shores of America, if they only proclaim themselves as Nihilists, they will be exempt from all punishment. Therefore, you will see how wisely it was that a saving clause

attempted revolutions in Russia to upset or overthrow the monarchical government there. The uprisings in the early part of the Russian history were caused by various pretenders to the throne; but to change the form of government there never was an uprising, and never will be, for the industrial classes in Russia are perfectly satisfied and will not permit any change in the form of government. This is not the case with any other nation in Europe. Let us, for instance, take Germany. Germany in a short space of time will have a republican form of government, for reasons of being a government of the classes. In that coun-try the most industrious and the educated people, who form the majority, belong to the masses who are tyrannized to the fullest extent by the military. Therefore the masses form into societies for self-protection against those classes, and it is only question of time when Germany will change its form of government. But this is not the case in Russia. The government in Russia, the head of which is the Em-

peror or Czar, and his government are a government for the masses against the lasses of aristocracy. "The Russian government, since the emancipation of the serfdom, has had and has a task to perform. In order to protect the masses who were mostly the serfs, against the classes, who were the serfowners for the aristocracy, the Russian government favors the masses, hence the masses are with the government, and to entice a rebellion in Russia against the present government is impossible. The people are on the side of the government. The agitators or the pseudo-patriots in Russia, who mostly reside in London or other parts of Europe, are simply creatures who are hired for the purpose of sgitating against the Russian government—men who cannot make an honest living in their own country, but who are willing and ready to lend their hands in favor of the ruined serf-owners in Russia by agitating against the Russian government with that cry of tyranny which enters into the feelings of all English-speaking nations." PERRY S. HEATH.

BRUIN AT COLLEGE.

How a Little Bear Came to Be Kept Over Night in a Harvard Student's Wardrobe.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.-Mr. E. S. Pike, father of the Yale senior Eugene R. Pike, alleged to be involved in a sensational frolic, celebrating the foot-ball victory over Harvard, had something to say about the matter | MRS. F. WOERNER.

It was alleged that several seniors, headed by young Pike, intoxicated a bear which they had purchased, and, after enjoying the drunken antics of the animal, kept it over night in their rooms. It was also reported that the case had been brought before the faculty, who would take action upon it. "The facts are," said Mr. Pike, sr., "that the boys borrowed a young and very comical little bear from a hotel-keeper.
They did not buy the bear, but only took him for the evening. They had a jolly time watching the animal, who was very cunning and intelligent, but not one of them ever thought of giving the cub any intoxicants. The fun lasted till 1 cub any intoxicants. The fun lasted till 1 o'clock in the morning, and when they went to return the bear his owner was asleep, and they could not get in. There they were, with the bear on their hands and no place to put him. So my son took him up to his room and caged him in the wardrobe. When the faculty, and especially President Dwight, heard of it—the boys themselves told the professors—they laughed over it as heartily as any of the boys. Nobody got into any disgrace, and nobody will be expelled, all stories to the contrary notwithstanding."

GREW RICH BY FORGERY.

A Young Man Who Has Victimized Many Banks and Accumulated Land Worth \$30,000.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal BRAZIL, Ind., Dec. 21.-Harry Longanecker, who was arrested here yesterday while attempting to pass a forged check on the First National Bank for \$420, has confessed his guilt. He turns out to be Jas. Dalgarn, a well-to-do young farmer living in Harrison township. He says Reuben Cole, of Clay City, is an accomplice, with whom the money was to be divided. He had on his person two one-thousand-dollar checks on McKeen's Bank, of Terre Haute. one of which he presented there yesterday, but Hobbs, whose name was forged, has no account there. Cole was arrested and jailed to-day. Dalgarn was reared in Harrison township. He has acquired a two-hundred-acre farm, worth \$30,000, within the past three or four years. Three years ago the First National Bank was victimized for \$600 in the same way. There is some evidence that Dalgarn is the forger. A bank at Greencastle was caught for a large sum about that time. Other banks in adjoining counties have suffered. It is believed that Dalgarn will confess to some, if not all, of these forgeries. Dalgaru, a well-to-do young farmer living some, if not all, of these forgeries.

Big Municipal Steal at St. Louis. ST. Louis, Dec. 21.—The Council last night passed an ordinance which authorizes private parties to build a gas plant, for which the city shall pay a rental of \$225,-000, or 5 per cent. on \$4,500,000 for thirty years, and at the end of that time shall buy the worn-out plant for \$4,500,000 or return it to the owners with a fifty-year franchise and a present of \$2,250,000, to be taken from a sinking fund created for the purpose. During the time the city is paying a point of \$25,000 a year for the sk it must bear the expense of all pairs and improvements. The bill has been repeatedly condemned by City Counsellor Bell, President Flad, of the Board of Public Improvements, and several members of the Council, in plain terms, as a cold-blooded piece of robbery, and its passage by a vote of 7 to 6 has created a passage by a vote of 7 to 6 has created a

An Old and Valuable Violin.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Dec. 21 .- A gentleman named Henry, who recently became a resident of this city, is the owner of a remarkable violin. It is the celebrated make of Stradivarius, the renowned violin-maker. The interior label, bearing the maker's name, is faded and yellow with age, but is still leigible. This label shows that it was made in the year 1726; hence, it is 163 years old. It was brought to this country by one Giavoni, an Italian violinist, in 1793, since which time it has been in the possession of various persons. It is remarkably well preserved, and its tone is pure and sweet.

Sold to an English Syndicate.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Dec. 21.-Recently almost a sensation was created by the report that Gaar, Scott & Co., the largest manufacturers here, working several hundred hands in making engines, threshers, etc., had sold to an English syndicate. To allay this the company published a card, saying they had declined the tempting offer. Today it is rumored that the syndicate has come again and offered them \$1,800,000 for the plant, pending the purchase of several other large concerns of the kind, and they decided to accept the offer, which is practically \$5 for every one they have invested.

How James Yount Came to His Death. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 21 .- The investigation into the death of James Yount, of Waveland, who died at the police station, shows that he came to town Monday and spent the day at the house of a colored woman named Foster. In the evening a colored man named Ed White found him there drunk and threw him out. As he lay on the sidewalk in a stupor, White dragged him back, and Mrs. Foster called the police and turned him over to them. His watch has not been found. He died that night.

Horse-Thief Jailed.

MONTICELLO, Ill., Dec. 21.-Wm. Powell. the notorious horse-thief, who stole a horse and buggy belonging to George Clow, of Burglars Secure \$6,000.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—The safe in the county was captured by the half the holders are Chicagoans. The price half the holders are Chicagoans. The price are acre. At first the capacity of the works will be 250 locomotives a year. Between Superational Parameters of the safe in the county and strain secure \$6,000 of the company's half the safe in the county to glance at the indianapolis Journal Sylvange of the works of the treaty.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—The safe in the county is already paid in. About the treaty of the treaty.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—Edwary Pometroday. He was taken before Judge Seconty, was captured by the marshal at Salem, Ill., and brought here to deal to the Indianapolis Journal Cisco, this county, was captured by the marshal at Salem, Ill., and brought here to deal to the Indianapolis Journal Cisco, the county is already paid in the treaty.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—Edwary Pometroday. He was taken before Judge Seconty, of that empire from the time of the holders are Chicagoans. The price county, Texas, was blown open by burglars, and in default of \$700 bail, was placed in the treaty.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—Edwary Pometroday. He was taken before Judge Seconty, or the county in the first county and in the Platt county jail. The horse and euggy were recovered. Powell is only an alias, and not his correct name.

HAZELTON PIAN

Read what the President of the United States and others say of this Justly Celebrated Piano:

MR. GEO. C. PEARSON:

MR. GEO. C. PEARSON:

President Harrison Says:

MR. GEO. C. PEARSON: Dear Sir-I am ro musician myself, but my wife and daughter are, who regard the Hazelten Piano as in every respect satisfactory, and they say they could not desire a better instrument. BENJAMIN HARRISON.

The Hon. John C. New Says:

MR. GEO. C. PEARSON: Dear Sir-It affords me great pleasure to say that the Hazelton Bros.

Dear Sir-My father and myself were engaged in the piano trade for nearly thirty years, and during that time handled most all of the leading Piano, purchased some nine years ago, has given perfect satisfaction in every respect. We have had instruments of other celebrated makes in our house, but none of them proved so satisfactory as the one now in use.

JNO. C. NEW. brands of pianos, such as Steinway, Hazelton, Chickering, Knabe and others, but none of them proved so entirely satisfactory in every respect as the Hazelton.

CHARLES SOEHNER. The celebrated HAZELTON PIANOS have been before the public for nearly a half century, and are known everywhree

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chased and now have the HAZELTON PIANO in use: HON. JNO. C. NEW. GEO. F. BRANHAM. P. F. BRYCE. G. H. BRYCE. C. HELWIG. J. W. ELSTON. HENRY WETZEL. WM. H. HAGERHORST. E. L. HASSELD. PETER M. WRIGHT. F. A. W. DAVIS. ALBRECHT KIPP. JOHN E. WALTERS JOHN T. PARKER. S. FISCUS.
JUDGE D. M. BURNS.
CHARLES ROCKWOOD. WM. M. KEEP. RICHARD R. REEVES. GEO. W. STUBBS. E. F. MOORE. N. J. OWINGS.

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purchased from you is giving entire satisfaction. It is much admired by

all who see and hear it, because of its full rich tone and exquisite workman-ship. My wife and daughter join me in thanking you for selecting for us

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Dear Sir-The beautiful Hazelton Bros. Upright Piano which I recently

E. L. BYRD, WILL S. KERLIN, S. A. HARLAN, The remarkable wearing qualities of the celebrated HAZELTON PIANOS are such that after ten or fifteen years of use they show so little signs of wear, and retain their first full, rich quality of tone to such a wonderful extent that they are readily mistaken for new pianos. They are fully warranted for Ten Years, just twice as long as any other first-class piano. Beautiful new styles for 1890 just received; cases in mahogany, walnut, oak and rosewood, beautiful hand-carved panels. Our stock of Pianos and Organs is so large and complete, and our low prices and easy terms are such that no family need be without an instrument.

Special sale of Pianos and Organs at greatly reduced prices until Jan. 1. Very easy terms of payments.

PEARSON'S MUSIC HOUSE

Nos. 82 and 84 North Pennslvania Street.

Piano Tuning and Repairing a Specialty. All work warranted.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Local Forecasts.

For Indianapolis and Vicinity—For the twenty-four hours ending 8 p. m., Dec. 22— Occasional light rains during night; cloudy weather, clearing on Sunday. GENERAL INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21, 8 P. M.-Forecast ill 8 P. M. Sunday:

For Ohio, Indiana and Lower Michigan-Rain and warmer Sunday morning, followed by fair, and much lower temperature by Monday morning; winds shifting to northwesterly.

For Illinois — Light rain, followed by colder; clearing weather and northwesterly

Dakota-Fair, preceded, in eastern Minne-sota, by light snow; lower temperature; northwesterly winds. Local Weather Report.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 21. Time, | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. Wind. | Weather. | Pre. 7 A.M. 30.18 39 75 Seast Cloudy. 7 P.M. 29.91 49 97 South Lt. rain. 0.06 Maximum thermometer, 49; minimum thermometer, 38.

Following is a comparative statement of the condition of temperature and precipitation on

General Weather Conditions.

SATURDAY, Dec. 21, 7 P. M. PRESSURE.-A small decided low barometric area, central over Kansas this morning, moved rapidly northeastward during Saturday, and is central to-night. with 29.66, over Iowa; a high area is cen-

tral to-night, with 30.26, over Kansas. northward.

PRECIPITATION,—Light snow fell in Minnesota, Dakota, Nebraska and near Lake Superior; light rains from Missouri and Tennessee northward to Wisconsin and the

Gasometer Explodes with Fatal Effect. ASHEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 21 .- This morning, shortly after daybreak, the gasometer of the city gas-works exploded, with fatal effect. Last night, owing to some defect in the works, the gas was cut off, and men were engaged all through the night makwere engaged all through the night making repairs. The water was drawn from the gasometer so that the men might get inside to stop the leak. While so doing with a lantern the gas was ignited and the explosion followed, instantly killing William Gates and Lewis Guthrie, and slightly wounding two others. The bodies of the men killed were thrown some distance and badly mutilated. The gasometer was destroyed and other parts of the works badly injured.

Found Dead in Bed. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LOGANSPORT, Ind., Dec. 21.-Mrs. Henry Roach, of this city, was found dead in her bed this morning. Heart disease is the supposed cause of her death. GREENCASTLE, Dec. 21.—James D. Armstrong, father of Dr. T. L. Amstrong, of Indianapolis, was found dead in bed this morning, making the third sudden death in this city within a week. He suffered from heart disease, and his death is attrib-

uted to that cause.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal
LEBANON, Ind., Dec. 21.—Edwary Pome-

BOSTON STORE

GREAT MARK-DOWN ON CHRISTMAS GOODS

For Wisconsin-Rain or snow; colder; northwesterly winds; fair on Monday.

For Minnesota, South Dakota and North Dakota-Fair, preceded in content of the colder; preceded in colder of the colder of th ing out all Goods bought for the Holidays.

EASELS in Ebony, Oak and Cherry-marked down to

FINE CLOCKS,

Formerly \$9, \$12, \$15, \$18 and \$25; only a few of each, now marked to \$5, \$8.50, \$11, \$12.50 and \$15. These Clocks are the very best made, and absolutely correct time-keepers. 100 round Nickle Clocks at 69c each.

All our high-cast handsome Umbrella Stands in decorated brass and other metals, are reduced far below cost.

Center Tables in Onyx, Plush, Brass, etc., formerly

tral to-night, with 30,26, over Kansas.

Temperatures.—In front of the low area the temperatures are high. Fifty degrees and above is reported from Illinois, southern Indiana and Ohio southward; 60° and above, from Arkansas, southern Illinois and the Ohio valley southward; 70° and above, from northern Louisiana and Mississippi southwestward over Texas; 30° and above, from Colorado, Kansas, eastern Nebraska, southern Minnesota and Lake Superior southward; 20° and below, from Montana, Dakota and northern Minnesota and Lake Superior southward; 20° and below, from Montana, Dakota and northern Minnesota and Lake Superior southward; 20° and below, from Montana, Dakota and northern Minnesota and Lake Superior southward.

Center Tables in Onyx, Plush, Brass, etc., formerly \$2.50, \$4.50, \$6.50 and \$8, will be sold at \$1.58, \$2.98, \$3.75 and \$5.98.

Over 500 articles in Plush Cases, Manicure Sets, Shaving Sets, Toilet Sets, Smokers' Sets, Work Boxes, Glove Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes, etc., etc., marked down to northward. sell out in two days.

Pictures and Bric-a-Brac also included in the mark-

THE CHILDREN'S COUNTER.

This is the department where the chief interest will center during the two days before Christmas. It is also the department most crowded with useful and attractive things. None of them must be carried over. Prices have been made to sell them out in two days. Toys, Games, Dolls, in endless variety. Buy your children's presents at

THE BOSTON STORE,

and come in the morning, if you please.

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